MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL. MALT

ESTABLISHED 1840.

MEMPHIS, TENN., FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1878.

VOL XXXVII-NUMBER 56

CLOSING RATES Yesterday of cotton and gold; Licerpool cottan, 6 1-8d. Memphis cotton, 10 3-8c. New Orleans cotton, 10 3-4c. New York cotton

11c. New York gold, 101 1-4. WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WAR DEPT., OFFICE CH. SIG. OFFICE, WASHINGTON, March 8, 1 a.m. For Tennessee and the Ohio calley and upper lake region, and upper Mississippe calley, rising or stationary temperature, increasing southerly to easterly winds, and cloudy followed by rainy and stormy weather.

OBSERVATIONS YESTERDAY.

of Bar. Ther. Dir. Force. W. M. M'ELROY, Sergeant.

As was to be expected, the signing of peace in Europe is effecting the prices of merchandise. Cotton has improved but grain de clines. Telegrams received in the city yesterday from Chicago stated that there was a panic in the wheat market there with a decline from the opening to noon of a cent a

ROBBER ARRESTED. The City Marshal of Osceola, Arkansas,

Captures One of the Parties who Robbed a Store in Mississippi County Recently.

CAIRO, ILL., March 7 .- William Posey, sissipi county, Arkansas, was arrested in Cherokee Bay by W. B. Haskins, city marshal

THE CHINESE FAMINE.

Origin and Nature of the Great Calemity.

Wivid Statement of Facts as to the With a view of doing something to aid the starving millions in China, Prof. Wells Wil-liams, of Yale college, has drawn up a memorial to congress from the citizens of New Haven, Connecticut, part of which is copied below, praying that the surplus from the fund known as the Chinese indemnity fund, which surplus amounted in 1867 to two nundred and torty thousand dollars, shall be Chinese. The objections which have been made in the United States senate to the carproposition would give rise to long de-bates, and that before the money could be sent to China the pressing need for it would have ceased. The facts contained in Professor Williams's memorial are extremely distressing, and are contained in the followf New Haven respectfully ask the attention f congress to the present distress in the orthern provinces of China, caused by the exists comprises parts of the four large prov mountains bare of trees, no means of irrigation, and dependent on the rainfall for its an-nual barvests; and now this is the third seaamishing inhabitants were reduced two mouths ago have been reported by eye-wit-nesses, Protestant and Catholic missionaries, of the most serious and widespread calami-ties of modern times. The governor of Shansi reports in his appeal to Pekia for people are dependent on official support. In the southern part of that province there remains neither bark of trees nor wild borb to e eaten; and ordinary foodstuffs, grain and portions the people have been eating earth to prolong life, while husbands were selling their wives, and parents their children, to preserve, if possired, all who were able had left their homes r overpass their means to relieve them he population of the entire region affering from want of the usual har-est last year is estimated at not less less than ten million now in a condition of ther destitution. It is inevitable, therefore, and before the winter is over, and the crops rency can reach all of them, and no rhetoric

graph so as to be immediately available. A Paris correspondent says it seems cer- rights, privileges, grants and franchises. The ain France would readily consent to England's obtaining complete security in regard to the Suez canal, but would do her utmost from the figures and facts supplied by the dissuade England from occupying Egypt. rance desires joint action with England | the conditions of the bill, and as to the lerespecting Egypt. Prince Bismarck recently gality and constitutionality of this amend-stated that he would himself propose at the ment to the acts of 1862 and 1864, declares ongress an English occupation of Egypt, Ger- that congress, under the reserved right to al-

nand the means and skill, or the power, to

o them. They can be transmitted by tele-

ai. It is not necessary to send out food, for meanor, and, on conviction, shall be fined not

nere is enough in China itself to relieve the more than ten thousand dollars and be im-

er of the Miami Valley savings bank, of Cincinnati, which suspended payment recently. does not lie against congress. One congress cannot limit the constitutional powers of an-

OUR CAPITAL LETTER.

Hayes Still Holds on to the Ill-Gotten Presidency, Notwithstanding the Daily Developments of Fraud and Rascality Practiced against the People.

Senator Thurman's Bill Drawing the Lines to Fearful Tension as Rcgards the Central and Union Pacific Railways-The Texas-Pacific's Prospects.

Memphis Interests Demand the Defeat of Mr. House's Bill-Casey Young's Appropriation for Building the Memphis Customhouse of Tennessee Marble, Etc.

cline from the opening to noon of a cent a bushel. The difficulty is increased by the fact that, for some weeks past, the condition of the roads made it impossible to haul from the granaries in the country. The New York of the roads made it impossible to haul from the granaries in the country. The New York Bulletin says upon this subject: "Tarkey, Roumania and Russia on the Black sea are now fully open to import and export; and this must give rise to a certain amount of relief to trade in Europe. To our own interests, these more pacific superest in the price pacific superest in the price of breadstuffs, which have advanced in configuration. But, at the same time, there are other exportable commodities the entered and for which, in Europe generally as well as in Russia and Turkey, is likely to be mensited; so that it would be a mistake to regard American interests as adversely affected by peace."

Justice to their own interests, That Governor Brown, if he could, would favor Memphis, and the problem of their own interests. That Governor Brown, if he could, would favor Memphis, in the order of the commission, in such manner at bost in justice to their own interests. That Governor Brown, if he could, would favor Memphis, in the order of the commission of Alexander Reed apposituation of the cambel and policies of the Crass and postumation of Alexander Reed and postmaster at Toledo. No oral argument with the existent of the commission of Alexander Reed and postmaster at Toledo. No oral argument with the existence of the early two thousand votes to make a majority of nine hundred and sixty-for the existence of the reason with the cambel of the vice presidents of that road he cannet of the vice presidents of that road he cannet of the vice presidents of that road he cannet of the vice presidents of that road he cannet of the vice presidents of that road he cannet of the vice presidents of that road he cannet of the vice presidents of that road he cannet of the vice presidents of that road he cannet of the vice presidents of that road he cannet of the vice presidents of that road he cannet of the vice presidents of that road he cannet of the vice presidents of that road he cannet of the vice presidents of that road he cannet of the vic only serves to alienate the strong men of his own party, and to isolate him more and more from those whose head center he was, and the expression of whose crimes he is officially. The New York Times says of him, "that he has no influence in congress, and is utterly without party support; that he has "less power in the republic than any of the men who have gone before him; that he is "a President without a party; without a for Tennessee marble in the content of the Momphis customhouse.

a President without a party; without a warm personal friend among the congressional leaders of the organization that elected him; that those leaders have little sympathy for him, no regard for his wisheshe never consults with them and they act 'independently of him; and that even with 'the few men who claimed to represent him 'in the dark days before the settlement of the electoral dispute, and who now profess "to be the ardent supporters of his adminis"tration, he is obviously without influence."
The New York *Tribune* is equally severe upon him, and says: "Mr. Hayes has reduced us office nearly to a cipher, and what figures stand with it are on the wrong side of the decimal point. The silver men of the west and north, and the working men of the east, have no use for him, and never can be recon-

come of him? Where is he to turn for help and countenance, thus deserted by the Republicans, scouted by the greenback-labor-reformers, and con-demned by the Democracy? That the superof the silver bill will continue to serve him is more than even he has a right to expect. Pluck, nerve and endurance are good quali-ties in a good cause, but they will not uphold even a sweetly-religious man in a bad cause, sitting in a usurped place. His endurance ultimately must give way before the every-day assaults of the press, and his nerve and pluck succumb before the facts which every nour is now rapidly bringing to light. Like the poker-player who called four kings on a pair of deuces, he may take to himself the credit of being a nerve-man, and the people but that is all that will remain to him as a fraudulent President and the opponent of the silver bill. His position is pitiable, and office less than it is, his case would com-mand our silence at least. Begotten by John Sherman and Eliza Pinkston, and sponsored by the bondocrats and the money-sharks, he is far removed from sympathy with the peo-ple whose highest office he usurps. It was promised by his "Independent" supporters, before he was sworn in, that he would atone by his administration of the government for by his administration of the government for the fraud by which he became President. How has he done it? By placing himself on the firm foundation of an exclusive gold cur-tency under the plea of public obligations wrested from the people by Credit-Mobilier congresses. This is the best evidence of his good intentions which he can furnish at the end of his first year. When the act re-pealing the resumption act reaches him, as reach him it will, he will be able to furnish us another evidence of his love for the starybondholders and giant corporations desire to crucify in a slavery as bad as that which the

poor of Europe groan under.

THE CENTRAL AND UNION PACIFIC RAIL-The terms of the bill introduced by Senator Thurman to force these companies to pay their indebtedness to the government are so severe, though just and proper, as to have aroused public attention again to those highways, and strengthened opposition to subsi-dies to any more lines. The bill will pass the house by a large vote, and the senate, too, it is thought, but only after a hard battle. Its conditions and the very able report by which it has been sustained have been the theme of very general commendation. The Union Pa-cific is required, in addition to the five per cent. of the net earnings and half of transportation account, to pay in cash into the United States treasury \$850,000, making an aggregate to be paid by it for the sinking fund, \$1,271,311, and to the annual interest account \$666,972, a total aggregate of \$1,938,-283 annually. The Central Pacific must pay for annual interest account \$500,000, and for the sinking fund \$1,400,000, making a total annual aggregate of \$1,900,000. The cash payment is to be ascertained by taking from the net earnings as above described the whole transportation account and five per cent., and then cash is to be paid to make the total payments for interest and sinking fund amount to at least twenty-five per cent. of the net earnings. If at any time it is satisfac-torily shown to the secretary of the treasury that seventy-five per cent. of the net earnings which commends itself as a national sufficient to pay the interest for such year offair. In the recent famine in India the means, skill and power of the British government were taxed to the utmost British government were taxed to the utmost to save life, while private benevolence was not lacking to supplement the public aid. But the Chinese government cannot compand the means and skill, or the power, to make up the interest account on the first-mortgage bonds. The bill also provides that no dividends shall be paid on the capital stock of the companies when there is certainly the necessities and distresses of t is certainly the necessities and distresses of a common humanity which gives force to this of the net earnings into the treasury for the purposes specified; and if any stockholder votes to declare such dividends, or receives thousand dollars have been sent to Shang-

amishing. The funds are needed to get it shall see to it that this bill, when it becomes a law, is enforced. If either or both of the companies fail for six months to comply with the law, their laches works forfeiture of all companies themselves, their ability to meet many guaranteeing the non-intervention of ter or amend charters, has the right to pass

other congress. No mere corporate franchise can be granted by one congress which ancan be granted by one congress which another may not change. This proposition does not claim the power for congress to destroy vested rights at pleasure. It it is claimed that the power to impair the obligation of a contract has not been delegated to congress, it must be remembered that such power is wholly different from that exercised in altering the corporate franchise of a public or quasi public corporation. Such a corporation a railroad company is. It is chartered for public purposes by exercising the right of public purposes by exercising the right of public domain, and itself maintains a public nighway. As its existence springs from pub lic considerations its charter is subject to change or repeal, as the public interest may

THE TEXAS-PACIFIC BILL, even after the indefatigable exertions of Governor John C. Brown, it will prove a fail-ure. It is an "open secret" that it left the committee only upon the express declara-tion by Mr. Cole that he should vote against it in the house when it came up. It will get about ninety votes in the house. More is impossible, and most, if not all of these are due to the exertions of if not all of these are due to the exertions of Governor Brown, whose personal popularity has been put forth for all it is worth—and that is a great deal. His labors to keep alive the charter and prevent a forfeiture of the franchises and privileges of the company, becapied him during many months in Texas and here; and he has given nearly a whole year to secure the passage of a bill that would enable it, with the aid of the government, to complete the line through to San Diego. But all this trouble has been had for nothing. Memphis, left out as it is, and the line confined to the thirty-second parallel of north intitude as it is, Vicksburg being thus designated as the eastern terminus, notwithstanding the provision for commissioners, the standing the provision for commissioners, the merchants, business men and property owners

struction of the Memphis customhouse, has since had the satisfaction of being unanimously indorsed by the committee on public buildings and grounds, to whom it had been referred. They will be reported back to the house in a few days, and will no doubt pass. Much of the opposition to them developed on Monday was the result of misapprehension and a cry of job, which has not the faintest shadow of a foundation in fact. Colonel Young, emulous of the example set by Sena-tor Harris, desired their passage upon their merits without debate. Failing to do so, he merits without debate. Falling to do so, he at least developed the opposition so that now, like those who have their quarrel just, he is forearmed for the final effort. He is sanguine of a triumph that will console him for present defeat, and complete his labors to secure to Memphis a noble building.

THE MILLER CASE has not attracted the attention of the Washing ton papers, and there seems to be a determi-nation to let it drop, and not to carry it as sake of the public. The correspondent of the Sun has the documentary evidence of the fact and is prepared to substantiate his statement before the supreme court or a congressional committee. Jay Gould and Mr. Fullerton, his counsel, both stand in dread of trial for contempt of court, and they, as well as the friends of Justice Miller, are endeavoring to prevent an investigation or trial Whether they will succeed or not remains to be seen. In Europe such a scoundrel could not pass unchallenged. No judge could, by any of the governments of that continent, be allowed to hold his seat a moment after such a charge had been made, and I doubt that there is one who would not himself, under like gircumstances force an investigation. there is one who would not himself, under like circumstances, force an investigation. Macauley, in his essay on Bacon, condemning the position taken by Montague, "that "the complaints of the accusers of the great "chancellor were not that the gratuities "had, but that they had not influenced Bacon's judgment, as he had decided against them." results the case of the Gorgana's as them;" recalls the case of the Goezman's as "them;" recalls the case of the Goezman's as an example of the course which governments should pursue in such cases. "Beaumarchais had an important suit depending before the parliament of Paris. Mr. Goezman was the judge on whom chiefly the decision depended. It was hinted to Beaumarchais that Madam Goezman might be propitiated by a present. He accordingly offered a purse of gold to the lady, who received it graciously. He lost his cause, and almost the who sum he had expended in bribery was immediately refunded. pended in bribery was immediately refunded. Smarting under defeat and disappointment, he pursued the unfortunate judge and his wife, compelled the parliament to put a de-grading stigma on M. Goezman and drove Madame Goezman into a convent. "Till it was too late to pause," says the historian, "his [Beaumarchais] excited passions did not suffer him to remember that he could effect their ruin only by disclosures ruinous to himself." In the Miller case the judgment was favorable to Jay Gould, but the latter failed to pay according to the calls for stock which he had delivered as an evidence of the value of information by which he, perhaps, made of information by which he, perhaps, made

TELEGRAMS.

Detroit, Mich., March 7: A telegram re-ceived from Mackinaw this morning reports the straits clear of ice. Paris, March 7: Specie in the Bank France increased one million six hundred thousand francs the past week.

Hamilton, Ont., March 7: The episotic ha made its appearance here. It is attributed to the long continued wet weather. New York, March 7: S. M. Bixby & Co., manufacturers of blacking, have settled with their creditors, paying twenty cents on the

ance to-day, is £10,000. Consols for money and on account, 95 9-16. United States 5-20s of 1865, 103½; 5-20s of 1867, 107½; 10-40s, 106; new 5s, 104½; Erie, 10½; Erie preferred, 24; Illinois Central, 76½.

New York, March 7: The jury in the suit of S. V. White, to recover forty-one thousand dollars on a due-bill given by Daniel Drew, failed to agree, and, under instructions of the court, awarded Mrs. Drew twenty-four thousand dollars, the difference remaining on a transaction in Northwestern shares between Cleveland, March 7: A fire at Spartans-

burg, Pennsylvania, a small town near Corry, Pennsylvania, this morning, destroyed every business house in the place, including the

WASHINGTON.

Bennett's Arctic Exploration Scheme In dorsed by the Senate Committee on Commerce-Changes Agreed upon in the Tariff Bill -A Ten Per Cent. Dividend.

What Use will be Made of the First Pro ductions of the New Silver Dollar -The Whisky Tax-Full Text of the Proposed Bill.

The Mississippi River Improvement Bil -Ohlo "Deadbeats" the Subject of Discussion in the House-A Dull Day Otherwise in Both Houses.

WASHINGTON, March 7 .- The senate committee on commerce have agreed to report a bill, complying with James Gordon Bennett's request, that the Pandora be allowed to sail under the American flag, and that a naval officer be detailed in the proposed Arctic ex-

and means. They protest against the present tariff legislation, and suggest that the subject ought to be referred to a commission representing all the industrial interests of the

viding that the same shall be recognized as a

The sub-committee in charge of Senator Dorsey's bill, for the creation of a sinking fund to liquidate the Pacific railroad's in-debtedness, reported it favorably to the full senate committee on railroads to-day. After some discussion it went over to the next, meeting without action. The bill provides, as the main feature, that the Union Pacific and the Central Pacific companies shall each pay seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars into the United Stat; treasury annually, and that the government shall allow the sinking fund to be credited with seven and a half million dollars for each company, as the estimated value of six million acres of land to the United States. The sub-committee con-sists of Senators Mitchell, Barnum, Dorsey,

The comptroller of the currency has declared a dividend of ten per cent. in favor of the creditors of the National bank of the State of Missouri, of St. Louis, making in all thirty-five per cent.; ten per cent. in favor of the Third national bank, of Chicago, making fifty-nine per cent., and twenty-five per cent. in favor of the First national bank of Osceola, Iowa, making one hundred per cent.

After full consideration and consultation with members of both houses of congress, the secretary of the treasury has determined that the first silver dollars to be issued will alike, without discrimination; nor does he deem it expedient at present to exchange them for United States notes, or use them in the payment of interest on the public debt, until the amount coined is sufficient to enable him to do so impartially. Therefore, they will at present be used for the purchase of silver bullion at the market rates. Silver certificates will soon be ready for issue, and are of the form of bank notes, engraved in the best manner and printed on bank note fiber paper.

Heral departments of the government to employ each a clerk or expert, pending investigations; also authorizing the committee on postoffices and postroads to employ two experts. The substitute was adopted. Ayes, 133; nays, 104.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the deficiency appropriation bills. This extra session will cost the State of Louising about seventy-five thousand dollars for expenses.

Raouf Pasha has been selected to accompany General Ignatieff to St. Petersburg to exchange the ratifications of the treaty. It is understood that the czar, during the negotier of the public debt, and the public

The secretary of the treasury will, until Louis and San Francisco, and by national

In response to the recent resolution In response to the recent resolution of the house inquiring as to the sale of United States bonds for outstanding legal-tender notes of the United States at par, the secretary of the treasury to-day sent a communication to the house, in which he says: "All the bonds disposed of by me have been sold for their par value in coin

THE WHISKY TAX.

the river, a distance of fifty feet. Three men were killed outright and the remainder seriously injured.

London, March 7: Amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on bal-

ate adjourned until Monday. chairman of the military committee.

Mr. M'Mahon—And also with another tion into office. brush to put the wash on with. In regard to

that the first silver dollars to be issued will be used only in exchange at par for gold coin or for the purchase of silver bullion at the market price. He does not feel at liberty to market price. He does not feel at liberty to mew. [Laughter.]

Mr. M'Mahon—I am not referring to you now. [Laughter.]

Mr. Springer offered a substitute authorization to pay for current expenses until use them to pay for current expenses until the amount coined is sufficient to furnish all ing the committee on expenditures in the several departments of the government to emeral departments of the government department departme

to be employed in the treasury department, from twenty to eighty-five, and making a The secretary of the treasury will, until further notice, receive subscriptions for the four per cent. funded loan of the United States at per and accrued integrated for the pay of such clerks.

A discussion ensued as to the relative merits of the Republican and Democratic houses

years in the house without successfully inves-tigating the bureau of engraving and print-ing, and it had been left to the present secre-

or from one special bonded warehouse to another distillery warehouse or special bonded warehouse, may be withdrawn without payment of the tax as is provided by the laws now in force and by this act, the time within which distilled spirits in distillery warehouses is required to be withdrawn therefrom. Pursuant to the conditions of any warehousing bond taken within one year prior to the passage of this act, upon the entry of such spirits into such warehouse the provisions of section 3292 of the revised statutes of the United States, shall, on written request being made as herein specified, be extended for a period not exceeding two years from the date of the entry of such spirits into the warehouse; but such extension shall be independent of the matter of economy, and asserted that the reductions made at the first session of the last congress did not ex-

dorsed upon, or appended to the warehousing first session of the last congress did not exbond a written request therefor, and an ac- ceed twelve million dollars, instead of thirty Masonic lodge, postoffice, and depot. The knowledgment of their liability, under the loss is estimated at fifty thousand dollars; insurance twenty-five thousand dollars. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

Stylish.—A seal-skin jacket is no doubt

Speaker handah asserted that the ligures given by him in the last congress, as chairman of the committee on appropriations, and duly signed by the principal and sureties in the bond, and acknowledged by each of them exactly correct, and that the house had suc-France.

Stylish.—A seal-skin jacket is no doubt the bond, and acknowledged by each of them equivocally holds that the constitutional prohibition against impairing contract obligations of the Miami Valley savings bank, of Cingret of Cingret of the Miami Valley savings bank, of Cingret of Cing thorized by law to take acknowledgment-deeds; provided, that the sureties on aid

bond are, at the time of such request, satistreasury himself had confessed in his recen factory to the collector, and if not satisfactory, that an additional warehousing-bond, with sureties satisfactory to the collector, shall be report to congress that the house was right in that reduction, and claimed merit for having kept under the appropriation in the clerical expense for his department. The secretary had also warned the house that it given. All warehousing-bonds hereafter taken from the distillers or owners of distilled spir-its shall be conditioned that 'the principal therein will pay the tax at the time and in the manner prescribed by this act. must keep in that line of economy, or else it

THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER IMPROVEMENT BILL. The bill introduced by Senator Cockrell to-day directs the President of the United States to appoint, subject to the senate's confirmation, five engineers, to constitute the Mississippi river improvement commission, whose duty it shall be to make a complete survey of the river, from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico, and devise plans for the permanent location and deepening of its channel and general improvement of its navigation. The commission is to have such assistance, officers, men, vessels and material for coast survey organization as they may require; and if their plans and estimates are approved by the President of the United States and congress, the construction and completion works thus recommended shall be carried on by the

thus recommended shall be carried on by the secretary of war, under the supervision of the commission; provided, that there shall be transmitted to congress, at the commencement of each session, full reports of all the work done, and the cost thereof, and of the progress and effects of such improvements, together with the estimates of the progressors amounts to be approximated. mates of the necessary amounts to be appropriated for carrying them forward to comple tion. The bill authorizes a preliminary re-port to be made of the estimates for closing such outlets of the river and such crevasses in the levees as may be necessary, in the judgnent of the commission, to partially secure the objects of a general system of works to be devised and perfected subsequently; and such plans and estimates are approved by

tion in regard to Chinese immigration, and made a speech thereon, at the conclusion of which he moved that the resolution be recountry, that the incongruities in the taring laws may be removed, and duties levied in such a manner that one industry may not be favored to the detriment of others, and that all shall be in harmony in any future legislational league [Booth] might address the senate in regard thereto, and that senator gave notice that he would do so next week. ferred to the committee on foreign relations, but, at the request of Mr. Booth, withdrew The house committee on education and labor agreed to report favorably the joint resolution restoring the eight hour law, and prolution restoring the eight hour law, and prolution restoring the eight hour law, and protion. Pending discussion of which the sen-

> Mr. Partridge (?) from the judiciary commit-tee, reported back the bill removing the po-litical disabilities of Robert H. Chilton, of Georgia. Passed.
>
> The speaker then called on the committees

Mr. M'Mahon, from the committee on accounts, reported a resolution authorizing the committee on rules to employ seven experts, to be assigned by the speaker to such committees of investigation as may seem proper.

Mr. Foster said this was but a proposition to increase the number of dead beats from Ohio, who last year drew thousands of dol lars from the contingent fund of the house. Mr. M'Mahon said that the gentleman was acquainted with all the gentlemen who had come into office recently by fraud. [Laugh-Mr. Foster-I am acquainted with the

person not necessary to name, and indeed you played an important part in his induc-He went on to say that when the Republican party had been in power in the house i had not needed clerks or experts. It had only needed a whitewash bucket and nice

the meaning of the term "expert," it meant a fellow with a keenness for Republican ras-Mr. Conger-I supposed it meant some-

States at par and accrued interest. Forms of application will be furnished by the treasurer at Washington, and the assistant treasurers at Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, Cincinnati, New Orleans, New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis and San Francisco and hearting and San Francisco and hearting the bureau of engraving and printing, and it had been left to the present secre-

ing, and it had been left to the present secretary of the treasury to reduce the expenses of that bureau more than six hundred thousand dollars. That gentleman, who was one of the best administrative officers the country had ever seen, had been saving a million below the appropriations made by the Democratic party in the last congress. The amendment of Mr. Hanna was rejected.

Mr. Baker [Ind.] offered an amendment requiring the clerkships in all the departments to be distributed among the citizens of the various States and Territories, in proportion to population, but on the objection portion to population, but on the objection by Mr. Durham, it was ruled out of order. Mr. Cox [N. Y.] twitted the Republican

their creditors, paying twenty cents on the dollar.

New York, March 7: A receiver has been appointed for the Long Island rubber company. The stockholders have made arrangements to pay off all indebtedness, including the floating debt.

London, March 7: The bullion in the Bank of England decreased sixty-one thousand pounds the past week. The proportion of England decreased sixty-one thousand pounds the past week. The proportion of England decreased sixty-one thousand pounds the past week. The proportion of England decreased sixty-one thousand pounds the past week. The proportion of England decreased sixty-one thousand pounds the past week. The proportion of England decreased sixty-one thousand pounds the past week. The proportion of England decreased sixty-one thousand pounds the past week. The proportion of England decreased sixty-one thousand pounds the past week. The proportion of England decreased sixty-one thousand pounds the past week. The proportion of England decreased sixty-one thousand pounds the past week. The proportion of England decreased sixty-one thousand pounds the past week. The proportion of England decreased sixty-one thousand pounds the past week. The proportion of England decreased sixty-one thousand pounds the past week. The proportion of the same shallows:

Be it enacted, etc., That the tax on distilled spirits hereafter placed in distillery warehouses, or in special bonded warehouses, is hall be due and payable three past and the principal insurance companies interested: Royal, Liverpool; Orient, Hartford; Fire passociation, Philadelphia; Northern, New York; Mendian, Philasophical, Religious, ordinary for the principal insurance companies interest to the farm of the principal insurance companies interested: Royal, Liverpool; Orient, Hartford; England and Merchaniar companies and Merchaniar companies interested the thousand dollars. An item of the principal insurance companies interested the three many decreased in distillery warehouses

ADDITIONAL RIVER NEWS. SHREVEPORT, March 7 .- River rose 1 inch. Weather cloudy and warm. Louisville, March 7 .- Weather cloudy and warm. River rising, with 10 feet 3 inches in the canal. Departed: James D. Parker, Memphis. St. Louis, March 7. - River falling, with

VICKSBURG, March 7. - Weather cloudy and threatening. Thermometer 58 deg. River stationary. Up: Robert Mitchell, 5 p.m.; City of Vicksburg, 5 p.m. No boats

would be necessary to raise eleven millions additional from taxation. He hoped that the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. Foster] would stand by his fellow-citizen, the secretary of the treasury. There never was a time when economy was more necessary in public execonomy was more necessary in public ex-penditures, as well as in individual ones, than the present time, when there was so much distress in the country. [Applause.] After further discussion on this point by Messrs. Randall, Foster and Cox, the consideration of the bill was proceeded with, and inally the committee rose and reported the ill and it was passed. It appropriates sixty-five hundred dollars

fraudulent land entries, etc., twenty-five thousand dollars for clerks in the general land office to bring into market the public lands in Arkansas, Louisiana. Alabama and Florida, and four thousand dollars for heating and gas of the pension office. Adjourned.

ITALY.

King Humbert's Speech on Opening the Italian Parliament-Principal Features of the Policy he Proposes to Pursue.

ROME, March 7.-King Humbert opened the Italian parliament in person to day, and delivered a speech from the throne. He said: "We shall consolidate and render fruitful the great work of Italian unity to which its glo-rious founder devoted his life." The speech enumerates a bill for election, financial and administrative reforms which will be sub- will become due. All of this is what the au-The senate committee on postoffices and postronals have assigned Thursday next for a clin on the nomination of Alexander Reed as postmaster at Toledo. No oral argument will be heard, but briefs may be filed.

The committee on ways and means to-day made the following changes in the tariff bill. The rate on women's or children's woolen or woolen on woolen to more office on the committee on ways and means or children's woolen or woolen or woolen to make a sportman of the committee on ways and means to-day made the following changes in the tariff bill. The rate on women's or children's woolen or woolen to make the following changes in the tariff bill. The rate on women's or children's woolen or woolen to make the following changes in the tariff bill. The rate on women's or children's woolen or woolen to make the following changes in the tariff bill. The rate on women's or children's woolen to woolen the presentation of the sistence of the two houses of the general assembly bo-day, and more too. He was transpead, and the following changes in the tariff bill. The rate on women's or children's woolen to make the following changes in the tariff bill. The rate on women's or children's woolen to make the following changes in the tariff bill. The rate on women's or children's woolen to make the following changes in the tariff bill. The rate on women's or children's woolen the following changes in the tariff bill. The rate on women's or children's woolen the presentation of the many and many the presentation of the sist of the president of the committee on wars readers it necessary to have the present of the army and navy on a new bording with regard to arms and material which are greated to arms and transport the committee on ways and means to tendence of the farms and material which are grea mitted, and continues: "The new treaties of

> fall from her exalted position. TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

institutions and reconciling respect for re-

laws and principles of civilization, we prove how great are the fruits of liberty. We are confident that in our hands Italy will not

Cleveland, Ohio, was visited by a small fire vesterday. The failure of Howell, Gano & Co., of Cincinnati, 18 announced.

J. Bloom & Co., wholesale grocers, of New Orleans, suspended yesterday. Bismarck's health is again declining, and ne is not inclined to attend the conference. The Louisville base-ball club has begun the season by withdrawing from the league. The sultan has invited Grand Duke Nich-olas to visit Constantinople, but the g. d. n. declines unless he be allowed an escort of eighty persons.

A Berlin dispatch states that some of the officials of the Prussian ministry of finance will go to Washington to study the tobacco taxation system of the United States. Captain Manthorpe, formerly of the English navy, and recently Hobart Pasha's adjutant, has been promoted and sent to Cretan waters, as second in command of the Turkish

Governor Porter has refused to commute the sentence of Brown Coble, a colored preacher, to be hanged at Winchester, Ten-nessee, on the fourteenth instant, for the murder of another negro. The creditors of John J. Adams & Co., of

New Orleans, have agreed to accept fifty per cent. in full settlement, and give the firm one year's time in which to pay it. Under that adjustment Adams & Co. have resumed Several hundred dollars were collected at a elief meeting held in Little Rock yesterday, for the benefit of the Hot Springs sufferers General Morrow, commandant of the post at

Little Rock, received orders from Washingon to furnish tents and render such other re-Governor Nicholls has convened the Louiana legislature in extra session for fifteen days, specifying among the matters for con-

is understood that the czar, during the negotiations at St. Petersburg, will considerably reduce the indemnity and probably grant some further modifications.

A special from Gallipoli, reports that the Russians are actively constructing intrenchments from Kadiako to Sharkoi on the Sea of Marmora. They have now about eighteen thousand men with cannon in these lines which confront the Turkish lines across the neck of the Gallipoli peninsula.

The steamer Bolivia, which arrived at London yesterday, reports having signted the ship Berthal, of Portland, in the distance, and sent a life-boat, and found that Captain Hill and three of his crew had been washed overboard on the previous day during a heavy gale. The mate and one seaman were injured. Sent an officer and two seamen to navigate the vessel.

It is officially reported that the number of Cuban insurgents who have surrendered from February 28th to March 5th, is twelve hundred and thirty persons and one hundred

Not a store or business house of any kind is left, and about twenty families are hor

16 feet 11 inches above low-water mark. Weather fair. Arrived: Future City, New Orleans. Departed: John B. Maude, Vicks-

STRANDED on the Lee Shore of Bankraptcy-The Old Commonwealth of Virginia

Without a Dollar in Her Treasury. Scraping the Bottom of Her Coffers Without Finding a Nickel-The Government at a Dead

Standstill-Excitement and Alarm.

pecial to the Cincinnati Enquirer. RICHMOND, VA., March 5 .- The finances of the Old Dominion are truly in a bad way. John B. Davis, a wealthy and patriotic banker, has been loaning the State large sums from time to time this winter, but so hard is for temporary clerks in the treasury, twenty thousand dollars for clerks to investigate gotten tired of making the loans. Now there gotten tired of making the loans. Now there is not a cent in the tressury. There was \$103 95 this morning on hand, but that was soon drawn out, and this is hard upon the legislators—they can't draw their per diem. The "repudiators" and "debt-payers" in this can sympathize. It was good, but nevertheless ridiculous, to see the statesmen try to get their wages.

It was good, but nevertheless ridiculous, to see the statesmen try to get their wages. They have been lying around in the greatest excitement to-day, trying to get some shylock to shave their certificates and advance a little cash. Washwomen, saloon-keepers and livery stable keepers were clamoring at the legislators for their bills. The chagrin was intense when the law-makers and representatives of the people had to pull out an empty pocket-book. There are \$864,444 worth of coupons outstanding and matured, and liable to be presented for payment at any time. The amount due to banks to mature this month, is \$1,700,000, and the banks peremptorily refuse to the banks peremptorily refuse to grant further loans. On the first of next July \$600,000 more of coupons ditor of public accounts laid before the joint

hurry, if, indeed, they do not stop anyhow.

There is a fear, as it stands, that the lunatic
asylums (there are two, white and colored)
will be thrown open, and the lunatics turned
loose upon the public or sent back to their
counties. It is also feared by some that the penitentiary will be thrown open and the convicts set free. This, however is an extreme view. There was a conference this evening of the joint finance committee, when it was proposed to require all license taxes, and all the taxes derived from the Moffit iquor register, to be paid in money instead of

coupons, as is allowed by existing laws. This proposition will be submitted to the general assembly to-morrow. The general assembly probability of its breaking up in a row before that time. There is no telling how this debt business will end. If the debt is readjusted, and settled at all, it will be at 3½ or 3% per cent. That is to say, repudiating the 6 per cent. bonds to that extent, and adding to those bonds at present bearing no interest.

SOUTH MEMPHIS LODGE, No. 118—Will hold a stated communication this (FRIDAY) evening, March 8th, at 71½ o'clock, for dispatch of business or dispatch of business.

All M. M.'s are fraternally invited.

By order F. M. NELSON, W. M.

BEN K. PULLEN, Secretary. NOTICE.

THE regular monthly meeting of the stockholders of the Peoples Building Company was adjourned from Tuesday evening. 5th inst., to FRIDAY, 8th, at 71g.p.m., at No. 39 Madison street, office of Bobinson & Malone, for the purpose of loaning money and transacting such other business as the stockholders may deem necessary.

W. A. GOODMAN, President. H. E. GOODLETT, Secretary.

Special Meeting of the Chamber of Commerce THIS (FRIDAY) AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock. Mr. W. S. Southworth, of Nashville, will, by invitation, address the meeting upon the important subject of direct trade relations with Spanish South America. A full attendance is desired.

BENJ, EISEMAN, President.

But always get that put up in packages with printed Executor's Notice. LETTERS testamentary having been granted to me at the February term, 1878, of the Probate Court of Shelby county, on the estate of C. B. Hamilton, deceased, late of Phillips county, Arkansas, notice is hereby given to all persons owing said estate to come forward and make payment; and all persons having claims against said estate to present the same, duly probated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be forever barred.

E. M. APPERSON, mh8 fri Executor of C. B. Hamilton.

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THE MAMMOTH

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No. 2922—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county,
Tennessee—Nancy Roberts vs. Chas. J. Roberts.
It appearing from affidavit in this cause that the
defendant, Chas. J. Roberts, is a non-resident of
the State of Tennessee:
It is therefore ordered, That he make his aprearance herein, at the courthouse in the city of
Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in
May, 1878, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing exparte; and
that a copy of this order be published once a week,
for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.
This 5th day of March, 1878.
A copy—attest: E. A. COLE, Clerk and Master.
By R. J. Black, Deputy C. and M.
G. P. M. Turner, sol. for compl't. mh7 thu

Non-Resident Notice. No. 1556 – In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Tennessee – City of Memphis vs. Jesse W. Page, Jr., et al. that the defendant, E. McCarty, is not to be found in Shelby county:

It is therefore ordered, That he make his appearance herein, at the courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn, on or before the first Monday in May, 1878, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing exparte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

This 6th day of March, 1878.

A copy—attest: E. A. COLE, Clerk and Master.
By R. J. Black, D. C. and M.
S. P. Walker and J. W. Hampton, sols. for complainant.

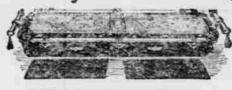
e. H. HOLST. G. H. HOLST & BRO.

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rustee, to whom the above property was conveyed by said J. M. Fraim during his life time to secure an indebt dness named in trust deed to him, joins in said sale.

JAMES A. ANDERSON,

Adm'r of J. M. Fraim, deceased.

Young & Halsey, and W. H. Carroll, Att'ys.

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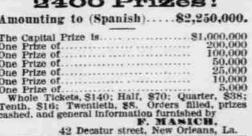


THE undersigned hereby gives notice that all the estate, real and personal, of the firm of Shane, flarris & Co. was conveyed to him, as trustee, on the 27th ult. for the benefit of all the creditors thereof. I therefore notify all creditors of said firm of Shane, Harris & Co., and also their separate creditors, to meet at my office, No. 56 East Court street, on the 15th inst., to prove and file their claims, and to take such other action in the premises as they may deem necessary.

W. W. McDOWELL.

Memphis, Tenn., March 5, 1878. Royal Havana Lottery!

EXTRAORDINARY DRAWING! OF APRIL 13, 1878.



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